1. Draw the acyl-CoA with a 16:0 carbon tail.



- 2. How many total C-C and C-H are present in the molecule? 46
- 3. For the complete conversion of the molecule in #1 to acetyl-CoA via β -oxidation:
 - a. How many acetyl-CoA are produced? 🛪
 - b. How many FADH₂ are produced? 7
 - c. How many NADH are produced? 7-
- 4. For the complete conversion of the produced acetyl-CoA from the molecule in #1 to CO₂ via the citric acid cycle:
 - a. How many CO₂ are produced? 16
 - b. How many FADH₂ are produced? S
 - c. How many NADH are produced? 24
- 5. All together:
 - a. How many FADH₂ are produced? 15
 - b. How many NADH are produced? 31
 - c. How many GTP are produced?
- 6. For the complete processing of all the FADH₂ and NADH via the electron transport chain:
 - a. What is the magnitude of the proton gradient produced? $\frac{310}{400} + \frac{90}{400} = \frac{400}{400}$
 - b. How many ubiquinone are cycled? 46
 - c. How many cytochrome C are cycled? 9 2
 - d. How many O₂ are required? 23
 - e. How many H_2O are produced? $\frac{46}{6}$
- 7. Approximately, how many ATP will be synthesized via ATP synthase? /00